

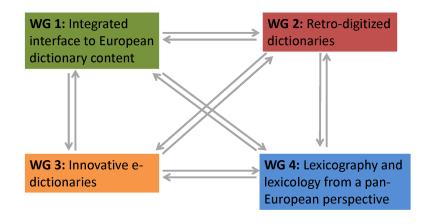
# ELEXIS project overview

Simon Krek (Jožef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia)



# European Network of e-Lexicography (ENeL) Kick-off meeting, 11 October 2013, Brussels

#### **Working Groups**

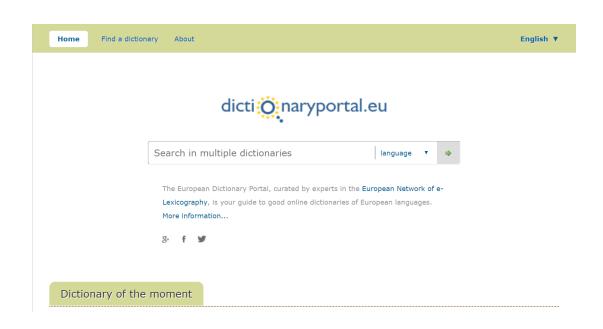


#### **Observations**

- Prevalence of user-generated dictionaries/growing gap between scholarly dictionaries and the general public;
- Lack of common standards and solutions for retrodigitized dictionaries;
- Lack of a common research paradigm, common standards and solutions for e-lexicography;
- In dictionaries languages are treated as isolated entities.



# European Network of e-Lexicography (ENeL) Final meeting, 18 September 2017, Leiden

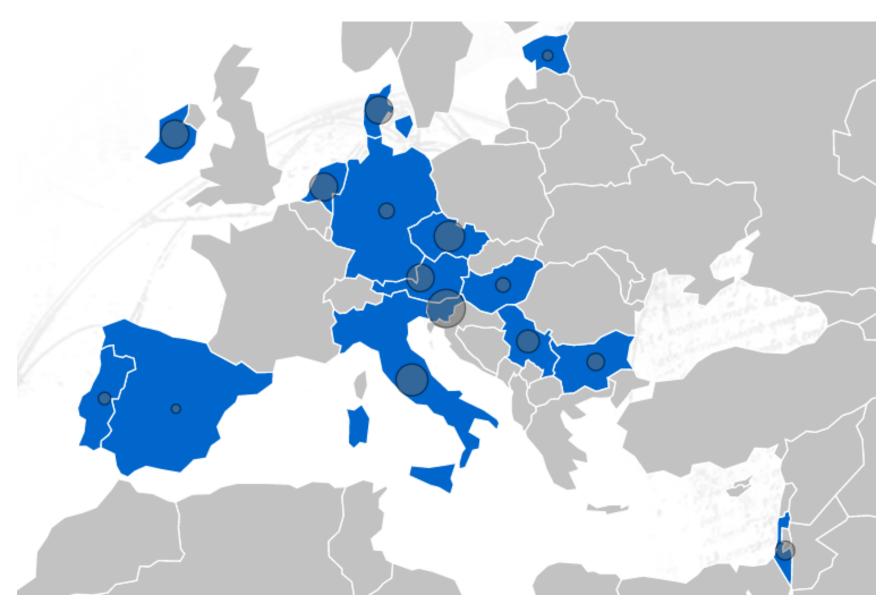


- 280 members
- 30 countries
- 7 meetings
- 4 workshops
- 37 STSMs
- 3 training schools
- 1 portal
- > 1 EU-funded project



## ELEXIS FACT SHEET

- Call & Topic: INFRAIA-02-2017
  - Integrating Activities for **Starting Communities** (Publication: October 2015)
  - Model: two-stage (March 2016, March 2017), results: August 2017
- Start date: 1 February 2018
- Duration: 48 months (31 January 2022)
- Total cost: 4,999,967.50 €
- · Coordinator: Jožef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- Number of partners: 17 from 15 countries
- Web site: www.elex.is





- Partners with:
- lexicographic data and/or expertise
- computational linguistics data and/or expertise
- expertise in standardisation
- digital humanities partners
- technology partners



## GOALS

- To integrate, extend and harmonise national and regional efforts in the field of lexicography,
  - both modern and historical,
- with the goal of creating a sustainable infrastructure which will
  - (1) enable efficient access to high quality lexical data in the digital age, and
  - (2) **bridge the gap** between more advanced and lesser-resourced scholarly communities working on lexicographic resources.



# EXPECTED IMPACTS

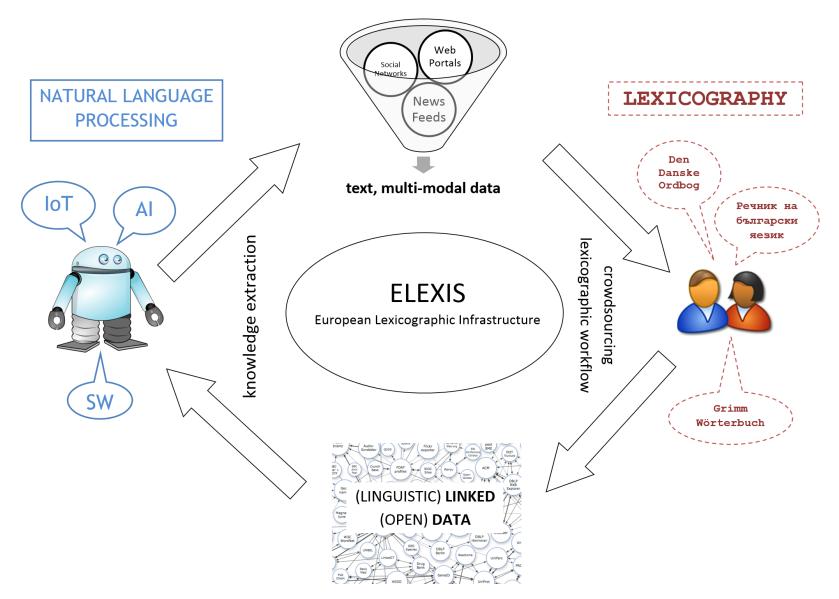
- Providing efficient access to quality lexicographic data
- Enabling massive integration of knowledge-based resources
  - Facilitating inclusion of innovative lexicography in research and education
  - Enabling the use of new technology and data in industry
  - Establishing inter-infrastructure synergies and optimisation
- RESULT: a new type of lexicography that no longer views languages as isolated entities



### VIRTUOUS CIRCLE/CYCLE OF E-LEXICOGRAPHY

- "In the best of all possible worlds, computational enhancement and lexicographical upgrading would build upon each other in a virtuous circle that knew no bounds".
  - Abstract: "NLP needs dictionaries, and dictionary-makers can use NLP to make better dictionaries, so there is great potential for synergy between the two activities. To date, there has been only very limited collaboration. This is substantially owing to dictionary publishers' concerns regarding intellectual property. In this paper I explore the different interests of publishers and NLP researchers, and present a business model which pays heed to both."
  - Kilgarriff, A. (2000). Business models for dictionaries and NLP. International Journal of Lexicography, 13(2):107-118.







# THREE TYPES OF ACTIVITIES

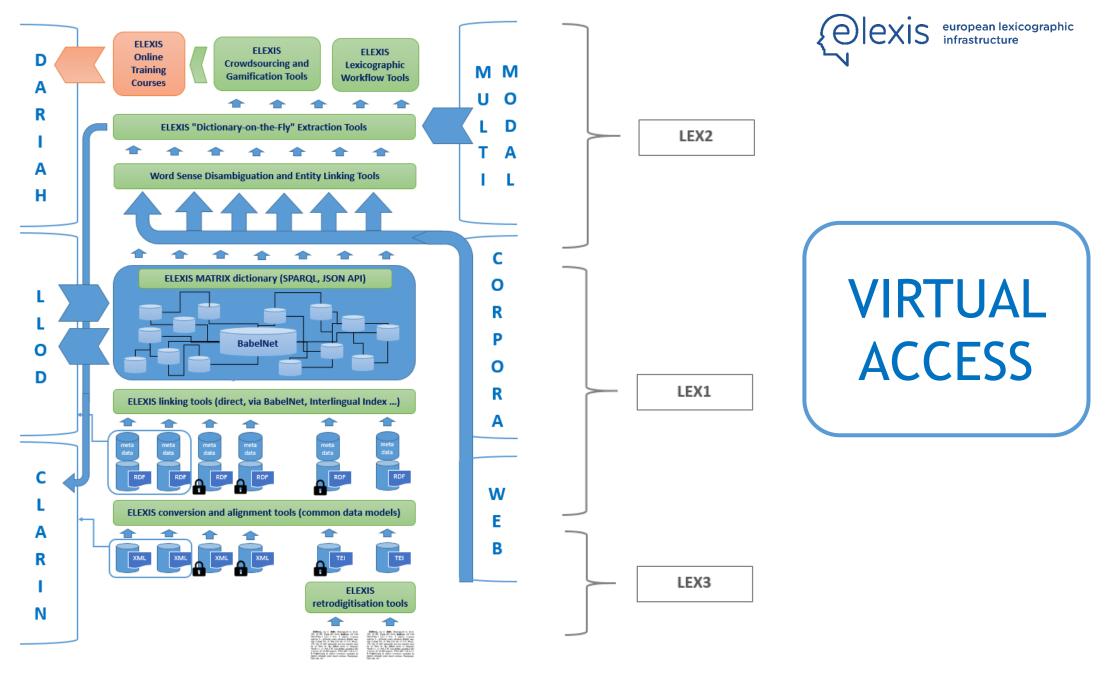
- Joint research activities
  - tools and methods for enabling linked lexicographic resour
  - tools and methods to support innovative e-lexicography
- Trans-national access or virtual access activities
- Networking activities
  - · documentation, guidelines, collections of best practices
  - online training modules
  - data seal of compliance for lexicographic data
  - workshops, seminars, and conferences
  - international forum

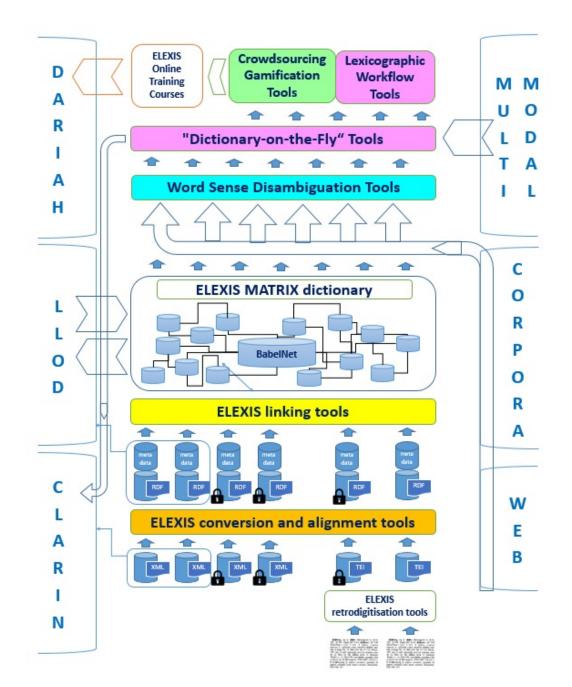
MONDAY February 18

Technology day

TUESDAY February 19

Community building day







VIRTUAL ACCESS



# What happens with your dictionary?

- (It gets (retro)digitised)
- You are using your own data model for your dictionary (Word, XML etc)
  - CONVERSION TO COMMON DATA MODEL (e.g. TEI, TEI-LEX-0)
- The human oriented common data model is not really NLP friendly
  - CONVERSION TO MACHINE READABLE FORMAT (e.g. Ontolex, Lemon)
- Now it can be linked with other dictionaries via shared concepts
  - LINKING DIRECTLY OR VIA BABELNET
- Shared concepts end up in MATRIX dictionary together with links to your original dictionary
  - MATRIX DICTIONARY, OPEN ACCESS RESOURCE WITH LINKED DATA



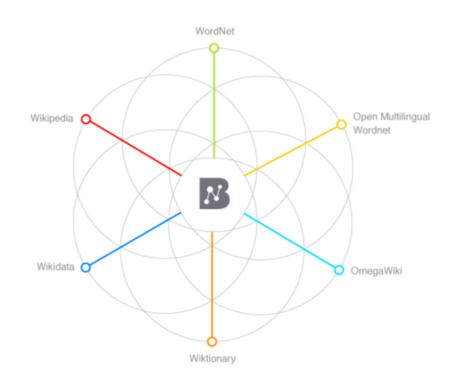
# What happens with your corpus?

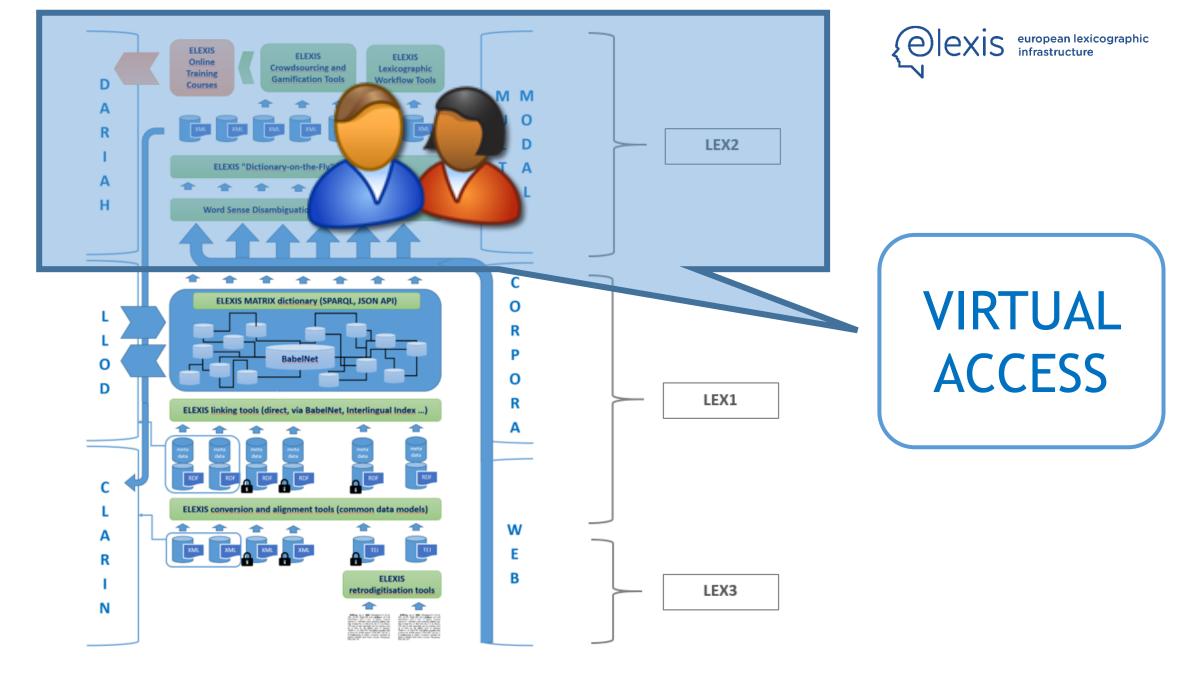
- It is processed on lower levels (POS-tagging, parsing etc.) and babelfied or wikified
  - WORD SENSE DISAMBIGUATION BASED ON BABELNET OR WIKIPEDIA
- now some methods can be applied to explore semantic behaviour of the vocabulary (also MWEs), to look for translation equivalents etc.
  - SEMANTIC ANALYTICS AND MULTILINGUAL SEMANTIC PARSING
- also, the corpus and the dictionary start functioning almost as one resource in push/pull model
  - ENRICHMENT OF LEXICOGRAPHIC RESOURCES
- the automatically extracted or enriched data can be manually curated in various dictionary writing systems, crowdsourcing platforms or in games
  - DWS, CROWDSOURCING TOOLS, GAMIFICATION

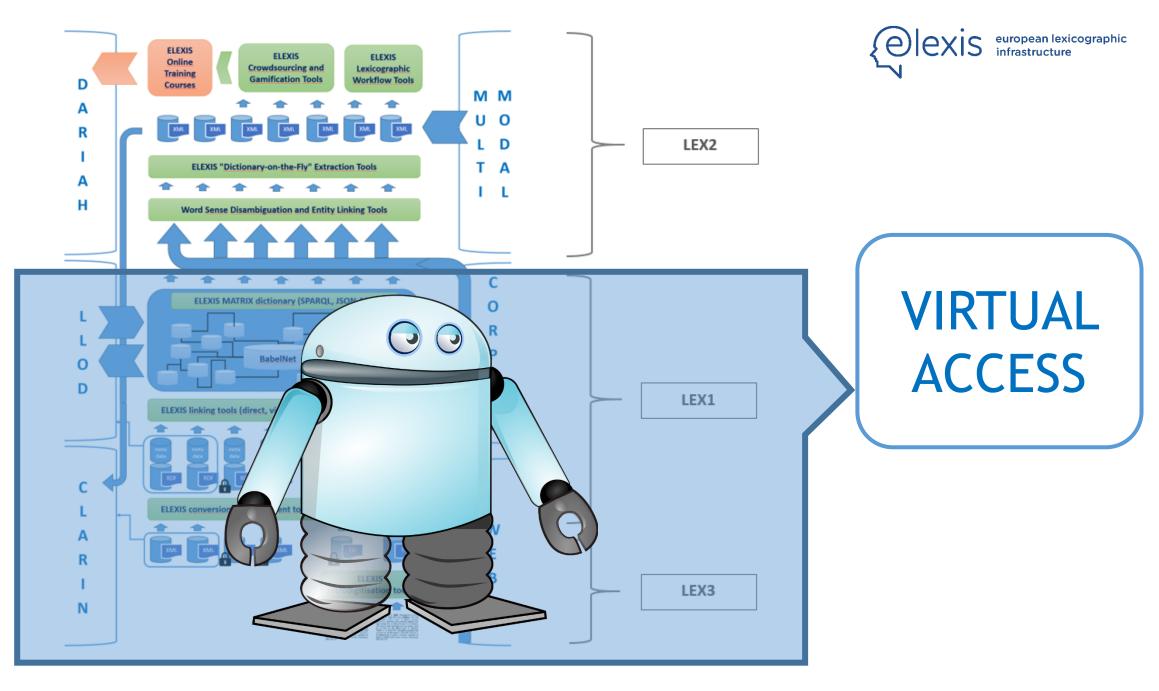


# What is in the middle?

- a universal repository of linked
  - senses, meaning descriptions, etymological data, collocations, phraseology, translation equivalents, examples of usage and all other types of lexical information found in all types of existing lexicographic resources, monolingual, multilingual, modern, historical etc.
- a universal lexicographic metastructure; a dictionary matrix spanning across languages and time









## Presentations

**LEX 2** (Session 1: 13.00-14.30)

- Miloš Jakubíček
  - Lexical Computing
- Michal Méchura
  - Lexical Computing
- Iztok Kosem
  - Jožef Stefan Institute

**LEX 1/3** (Session 2: 15.00-16.30)

- Mohamed Khemakhem
  - Inria-ALMAnaCH
- Carole Tiberius
  - Dutch Language Institute
- John McCrae
  - National University of Ireland
- Roberto Navigli
  - Sapienza University of Rome



# Session 3: 17.00-18.00

- Booth 1:
  - General information point
    - Simon Krek, Iztok Kosem, Ondrej Matuska, Tanja Wissik, Anna Woldrich
- Booth 2:
  - Lexicographic data and workflow (Carole Tiberius)
- Booth 3:
  - Interoperability & Linked (Open) Data (John McCrae)
- Booth 4:
  - Lexicographic Data for Natural Language Processing (Roberto Navigli)
- Booth 5:
  - Natural Language Processing for Lexicography (Miloš Jakubíček)
- Booth 6:
  - Lexonomy and GROBID-dictionaries (Michal Mechura, Mohamed Khemakhem)



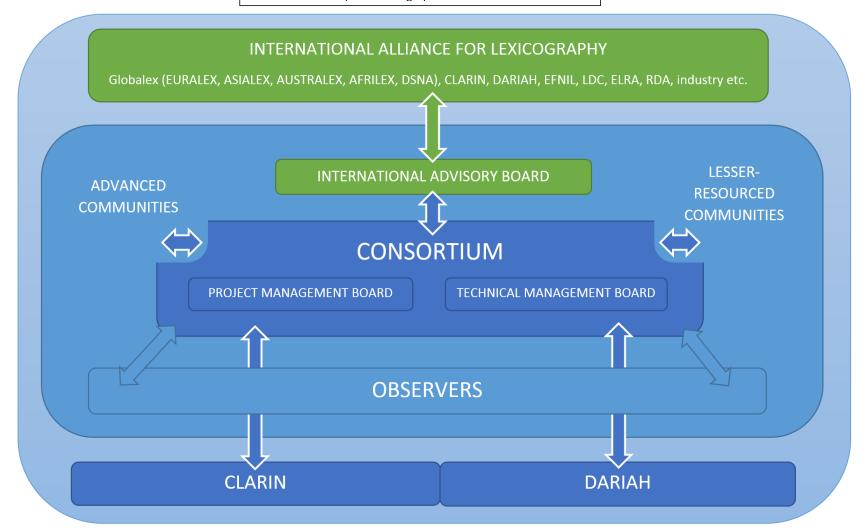
# TRANS-NATIONAL ACCESS

- regular calls for visiting grants with an average duration of two weeks for researchers to experiment with lexicographical data
- 5 calls for visiting grants will be launched during the project period amounting to an overall number of **30-40 grants** 
  - the calls will include descriptions of the particular lexicographical resources, tools, and expertise that are made available
  - interested researchers/lexicographers should make an **application**, describing background, purpose, etc., which will be assessed by a committee
  - during the grant visits, the hosting institutions will provide **support** in terms of lexicographical and IT manpower expertise
- Grant winners: poster session (Session 3: Monday, 17:00-18:00)
- ELEXIS travel grants (Session 4: Tuesday, 9.00-10.30)



#### **ELEXIS**

European Lexicographic Infrastructure





# Tuesday - community building day

- Networking activities
  - documentation, guidelines, collections of best practices
  - online training modules
  - data seal of compliance for lexicographic data
  - workshops, seminars, and conferences
  - international forum

- Session 4: Tuesday, 9:00-10:30
  - Lexicographers' needs
  - Standards in lexicography
  - Accessibility of scientific production in lexicography
    - ELEXIS Event Registry
    - LexBib proposal
  - International Alliance for Lexicography



# Sessions 5 and 6: Observers, observers!

- Session 5 (Tuesday, 11.00-12.30)
  - Role of observers
  - Observers and IPR issues (copyright)
  - ELEXIS <-> CLARIN <-> DARIAH
- Session 6 (13.30-15.00)
  - General discussion



# Questions?